	Patie	(place patient label here) ent Name:	BENEFIS HEALTH SYSTEM Benefis HOSPITALS					
	Order Set > > > >	et Directions: (√)- Check orders to activate; Orders with pre-checked box ☑ will be followed unless lined out. Initial each place in the pre-printed order set where changes such as additions, deletions or line outs have been made initial each page and Sign/Date/Time last page	PROVIDER ORDERS					
D	Diagnosis:							
Δ	llergies	s with reaction type:						
	SO F	Rapid Response	Version 3 3/22/18					
		eral response to deterioration in patient condition Activate Rapid Response Team						
		Vital signs stat	withm strip if time allows					
		Cardiac monitor place patient on crash cart monitor and run a baseline rh Pulse oximetry continuous						
		 Glucose, blood, point-of-care measurement as needed signs and symptor consciousness 	ns of hypoglycemia or change in level of					
		Blood gas, arterial (east campus) or CG8+ (west campus) stat as needed electrolytes (potassium or sodium) or hemoglobin and hematocrit (CG8+						
	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Oxygen administration Nasal Cannula at 2 Lpm as needed for oxygen sat						
	maintain oxygen saturation greater than 90% ☑ Peripheral venous cannula insertion/management if not already in place							
		Notify provider						
		ponse to unilateral weakness or S/S of Stroke (East Only)						
	 □ Document time when last neurologically normal □ Perform Cincinnati Stroke Scale/FAST if positive with Diagnostic Testing 							
	 □ Activate Tele neurology by calling Dispatch at 4421, request robot to ED CT scan □ RRT nurse to accompany to CT 							
		Report given to Tele neurology to include:						
		Time last known wellPrevious history of stroke						
		Blood thinners and pertinent labs						
		Current vital signsReason for current hospitalization						
		 Report any trauma, falls, or surgery within last month NPO 						
		Consult Speech Therapy						
		DO NOT DELAY CT scan to obtain ECG or Chest X ray						
		iology and Diagnostic Test CT Head INPT Stroke-Rapid Response Only (CT Head Stroke/Rapid Respo	nso) (CT)					
		□ Stat	1136) (C1)					
		l ECG; reason: Acute neurological symptoms ☐ Stat						
		ponse to acute respiratory distress						
	•	 Sudden onset of increased respiratory rate greater than or equal to 24 breaths/minute, wheezing, stridor, rales, dyspnea, decreased SpO2 and/or patient complaint of shortness of breath 						
	☐ Radiograph, chest, 1 view portable stat if needed for suspected pneumothorax, hemothorax or other chest abnormality							
		12-lead ECG stat Reason for exam: respiratory distress						
		l Blood gas, arterial (east) or CG8+ (west) stat l albuterol 2.5 mg/3 mL (0.083 %) solution for nebulization (VENTOLIN) 2.	.5 milligrams by nebulizer once as needed					
		for respiratory distress May repeat x1						
		Elevel positive all tray pressure (bit his) as neceed for worselling of respi	i ato., aloci coo, iti to optimize octimgo					

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Patient Name:	Benetis					
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Response to sudden onset chest pain □ 12-lead ECG stat obtain prior to nitroglycerin administration; Reason for exam: Chest pain □ nitroglycerin 0.4 mg sublingual tablet (NITROSTAT) 1 tablet sublingually as needed for chest pain May repeat every 5 minutes with MAX of 3 doses for a single chest pain episode within one hour; Hold for systolic blood pressure less than 90 mmHg □ morphine 2 milligrams intravenously every 5 minutes as needed for chest pain not relieved by nitroglycerin (give up to MAX of 10 milligram for a single chest pain episode within one hour)						
 Response to symptomatic bradycardia Symptomatic bradycardia: heart rate less than 60 beats/minute with signs or symptoms of poor perfusion than or equal to 90 mmHg with signs of poor perfusion such as change in level of consciousness, acute a mental status, nausea/vomiting, dizziness, light-headedness, diaphoresis, decreased SpO2, tachypnea, a decreased urine output (less than 0.5 milliliters/kilogram/hour)] □ 12-lead ECG stat □ Blood gas, arterial (east) or CG8+ (west) stat □ atropine 0.5 milligrams intravenous push once May repeat every 3-5 minutes to MAX 3 milligrams □ Apply transcutaneous pacemaker if bradycardia continues 						
Response to ventricular tachycardia with pulse □ 12-lead ECG stat □ Blood gas, arterial (east) or CG8+ (west) stat □ Potassium level, serum stat □ Magnesium (Mg) level, serum stat Asymptomatic □ Vagal maneuver if no contraindications and QRS is less than 0.12 seconds Symptomatic ● Symptomatic tachycardia: heart rate greater than or equal to 150 beats/m than or equal to 90 mmHg), altered mental status, signs/symptoms of sho tachypnea, and/or decreased urine output (less than 0.5 milliliters/kilogram	ck (poor perfusion, decreased SpO2,					
 Response to symptomatic hypotension SPB less than or equal to 90 mmHg with signs of poor perfusion such as change altered mental status, nausea/vomiting, dizziness, light-headedness, diaphore and/or decreased urine output (less than 0.5 milliliters/kilogram/hour) Lower head of bed if position tolerated by patient Sodium Chloride 0.9% IV 250 milliliters continuous intravenous infusion BOLU PATIENT HAS HEART FAILURE) Hemoglobin and hematocrit stat as needed for suspected bleeding CLOT TO HOLD stat if able to obtain while drawing hemoglobin and hematocrit 	esis, decreased SpO2, tachypnea, JS over 15 minutes (DO NOT GIVE IF					
 Response to suspected opiate related respiratory depression Decreased respiratory rate (less than 8 breaths/minute) or decreased respirat such as decreased SpO2, pinpoint pupils, excessive somnolence or becoming stimuli in patients receiving opiate medications □ Communication order STOP PCA or IV opiate infusion immediately □ Blood gas, arterial (east) or CG8+ (west) stat 						

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Unable to maintain airway

naloxone (NARCAN) 0.4 mg/mL injection 0.4 milligram slow intravenous push as needed for respiratory rate less than 8 breaths/minute (subcutaneous or intramuscularly if no IV access). Repeat every 2 minutes (MAX 5 milligrams) until patient is responsive and able to maintain airway, respiratory rate is greater than 10 breaths/minute

Able to maintain airway

□ naloxone (NARCAN) dilute 0.4 milligram in 9 milliliters normal saline (0.04 mg/mL) 0.04 milligram intravenous push as needed for respiratory rate less than 8 breaths/minute. Repeat every minute until patient is responsive to voice; respiratory rate is greater than 12 breaths/minute and undesired opiate effect is resolved

Response to suspected benzodiazepine related over-sedation

- For use in benzodiazepine over-sedation following general anesthesia or procedural sedation.
- Do not use in patients with chronic benzodiazepine use, patients on benzodiazepines to treat potentially life threatening conditions (status epilepticus, seizures, elevated ICP) or patients with significant cardiac history without provider authorization.
- ☐ Blood gas, arterial (east) or CG8+ (west) stat
- flumazenil (ROMAZICON) 0.2 milligram slow intravenous push over 15 seconds as needed for over-sedation; may repeat every minute for continued over-sedation. MAX cumulative dose: 1 milligram; In the event of re-sedation repeat doses may be given at 20-minute intervals at 1 milligram per minute to MAX of 1 milligram total dose and MAX of 3 milligrams in 1 hour.

Response to suspected severe allergic/anaphylactic reaction

- Sudden onset of sign/symptoms of allergic reaction with significant clinical effects such as urticaria, edema to lips and face, dyspnea, wheezes, stridor, diminished breath sounds and/or hypotension
- ☐ Communication order STOP all IV/epidural infusions and/or blood products immediately
- ☐ EPINEPHRINE 1 mg/mL (1:1,000) (1 mL) injection 0.3 milligram subcutaneously now
- ☐ diphenhydramine (BENADRYL) 50 mg/mL injection 25 milligrams intravenously or intramuscularly now
- □ hydrocortisone (SOLU-CORTEF) 200 milligrams intravenously once as needed for hypersensitivity reaction

Response to symptomatic hypoglycemia

 Blood glucose less than 70 mg/dL and/or signs of altered mental status (confusion/irritability, slow to respond, semi-conscious or unconscious, seizure activity)

Hypoglycemia Protocol

NOT Recommended for ages less than 18 year

Glucose Level 50 - 70 mg/dL (If able to swallow)

 dextrose 40% oral gel 15 gram orally once as needed for hypoglycemia (1 tube = 15 gram); Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes, If less than 70 mg/dL, follow protocol again.

Glucose Level less than 50 mg/dl (If able to swallow)

□ dextrose 40% oral gel 30 gram orally once as needed for hypoglycemia (2 tubes = 30 gram) Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes, If less than 70 mg/dL, follow protocol again.

Glucose Level 50 - 70 mg/dL (If unable to swallow)

dextrose 50% in water (D50W) 12.5 gram over 2-3 minutes intravenously once (25 milliliter = 12.5 gram) Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes, If less than 70 mg/dL, follow protocol again.

Glucose Level less than 50 mg/dl (If unable to swallow)

□ dextrose 50% in water (D50W) 25 gram intravenously once (50 milliliter = 25 gram) Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes, If less than 70 mg/dL, follow protocol again.

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Provider S	Signature.	Date:	Time: